

SAFETY DATA SHEET

In accordance with the Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006 - REACH and (EC) No 1272/2008

Version: 1.0

Revision date: 15.02.2016. Preparation date: 15.02. 2016.

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Type of product: Mixture

Market code: XiMoPac-Mo002

Order code:

1.2. Appropriate definition of the use, resp. the contraindicative use of the mixture:

Molybdenum catalyst – paraffin pellets.

1.2.1. Use descriptors of identified uses

Production of fine chemicals [SU9];

Laboratory chemicals [PC21]

1.2.2. Contraindicated uses

Use by private individuals

1.3. Data of supplier (of MSDS)

Name of manufacturer: XiMo Hungary Ltd.

Address of manufacturer: H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7.

Tel: +36 1 580-2203

e-mail: XimoInfo@ximo-inc.com

Name of person/company Generisk Ltd.

in charge: 1223 Budapest, Szabadkai u. 14.

Tel: +36 1 362-2704

e-mail: iroda@generisk.hu

1.4. Emergency phone:

Health Toxicological Egészségügyi Toxikológiai Tájékoztató Szolgálat

Information Service: 1096 Budapest, Nagyvárad tér 2.

Tel: +36 80 201-199

e-mail: ettsz@okbi.antsz.hu



2. HAZARDOUS INGRIDIENT/IDENTITY INFORMATION

2.1. Classification of substance or mixture Classification according to Regulation 1272/2008/EC According to the manufacturer and in compliance with the relevant regulations, the product is not hazardous.

2.2. Labelling according to 1272/2008/EC

The mixture is not hazardous.

No hazard pictogramme needed.

Warning: not needed

Warning phrases: not needed

No Prevention Precautionary statements needed

No Response Precautionary statements needed

No further information

2.3. Other hazards

The product does not comply with the a vPvB criteria in Section XIII of Regulation 1907/2006/EC.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable.

3.2. The chemical codes of the ingredients based on Regulation 1272/2008/EC

Hazardous component	CAS- number	EU number	Weight %	Classification
Paraffin	64742-43-4	265-145-6	95%	-
Molybdenum,[2,6-bis(1-methylethyl) benzenaminato(2-)](2,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)(2-methyl-2-phenylpropylidene)([1,1':3',1"-terphenyl]-2'-olato)-(1)	1703808-70-1	-	5%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335)

⁽¹⁾ Classified by the manufacturer.

Further hazardous substances do not exceed the safety threshold.

See the complete wording of the Hazard Statements "H" in Section 16.

Rev. date: 15.02.2016. EN 2/15 page



4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Information on First Aid measures

Inhalation of hazardous substance:

Persons suffering from lack of oxygen should be moved to fresh air.

Place in position in which breathing facilitated.

Contact with skin: Wash with plenty of water and soap. Remove all contaminated

clothes immediately. Contaminated clothes must be washed before

re-use.

Contact with eye: For some minutes, gently flush with water. Other eye must be

protected. If possible, contact lenses must be removed. Continue

flushing.

If swallowed: Mouth must be flushed.

4.2. The primary- acute and deferred – symptoms and effects

Inhalation: may cause the irritation of respiratory tract.

Contact with skin: may cause itching and redness

Contact with eye: may cause red eyes

If swallowed: Burning sensation, nausea, vomiting

4.3. Notification of the necessary immediate medical or special action

Apply symptom treatment. Provide the doctor immediately with the label or the Safety Data Sheet of the substance.

5. FIRE PROTECTION MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing agent

Extinguishing agents

to be applied: Water Fog, Foam, Dry Chemical, Carbon Dioxide, alcohol-proof foam

Extinguishing agents NOT

Gushing water

to be applied:



5.2. Special hazard deriving from the substance or mixture A

Fire hazard: Not fire hazardous.

Explosion hazard: The mixture is not explosion hazardous.

Reactability: The mixture is stable under normal conditions.

General measures: Keep away from heat, sparks, open fires and hot surfaces

Substances generated when burning: In the event of fire: carbon-monoxide, carbon-dioxide may be

generated.

with

5.3. Recommendations for fire-fighters

Individual protection equipment Wear standard fire-fighter costume (MSZ EN 469). Caution!

Wear when extinguishing fire self-contained fire extinguisher

(SCBA, EN 133).

Other information: Containers subject to fire or high temperatures must be cooled

water-jets, or, if possible, remove them from the zone subject to

heat.

Care should be made to ensure water used to extinguish fire is

not made to any drainage.

6. ACCIDENTAL EXPOSURE MEASURES

6.1. Personal protection measures, individual safety equipment and emergency measures

Safety equipment in non Apply the safety equipment described in Section 8. Ensure

emergency schemes: appropriate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin, clothing and eyes.

Do not inhale vapours. It can be used in well-ventilated areas.

Ensure substance does not enter the drainage system.

Contaminated clothing must be removed and must be washed before

repeated use.

Emergency schemes: In case of emergency, wear a respirator device described in Section

8, chemically resistant safety gloves, safety goggles and protective

clothing.

In case of exposure or its possible occurrence, seek medical

attention.

Emergency schemes



6.2. Environmental measures

Other remarks: Ensure substance does not enter into the ground, groundwater or

surface waters.

Should the environment be potentially or actually affected, Section

6.1. must be followed.

6.3. Methods and substances of isolation and contamination removal

Localisation: Should substance be spilt on the ground, sweep it up

Cleaning: Collect the spilt mixture. The collected mixture must be placed in

well-sealable containers. The generated litter is regarded as the same hazard category as the product itself. No ADR-qualified packaging

must be obligatorily decreed.

Other information No other applicable information is available

6.4. References to other sections

Information regarding safe handling – Section 7.

Information regarding individual safety equipment - Section 8.

Information regarding disposal – Section 13

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Measures of safe handling

Rules regarding safe handling: Prior to handling, become familiar with the substance-specific

instructions.

While applying the mixture, adhere to the general work health

regulations.

Use the decreed individual safety equipment Work in an appropriately ventilated room.

While using the mixture, eating, drinking and smoking

are forbidden.

Avoid eye contact and inhalation of vapours.

Fire-and explostion hazard measures: The mixture is not fire hazardous.

7.2. The requirements of safe storage and potential incompatibility

Storage regulations: Containers should be kept tightly sealed and in original packaging.

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store in horizontal position

so as to avoid spilling.

Do not expose to direct sunlight.

Store in original packaging. Should the substance be placed in



XiMoPac-Mo002 Safety Data Sheet

separate containers, apply packing that is resistant to the mixture.

Storage temperature [°C]: Store temperatures below 50 °C

May not be stored: with strong oxidizing agents, acids and alkalis, medicines,

human or animal food

Packaging materials: -Inappropriate packaging materials:

Further information concerning storage requirements: There are no known incompatible packaging materials

Avoid dropping and damaging container.

7.3. Final use

Final use: Laboratory chemicals [PC21]

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL / INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Ambient air quality limit values according to 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM-SzCsM

The mixture does not contain any components regulated by ambient air quality limit value.

8.2. Exposure control

Appropriate technical inspection:

During work activities, the substance must be handled with care. According to regulation 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM-SzCsM,the employer is obliged to reduce the extent of exposure to the lowest level — still maintaining the scientific and technical standards - in the case of hazardous substances regulated with limit values, a t which — according to our present knowledge, the substance is not hazardous to health.

Use outdoors or in well-ventilated areas. For the appropriate

exchange of air, apply artificial ventilation.

Cleaning facilities must be provided

Individual protection: Prior to use, read and become thoroughly familiar with all safety

measures.

Wash your hands thoroughly in work breaks and after working hours Do not eat or drink while working. Smoking is forbidden. Avoid eye

and skin contact. Do not swallow.
Remove contaminated clothes.



XiMoPac-Mo002

Safety Data Sheet

Hand protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves (EN 374).

When choosing the suitable safety gloves, consider permeation

time, diffusion capacity and decomposition rate, e.g. nitrite.

Eye protection: With appropriate use, not necessary. Should the time of exposure be

long, wear appropriately sealed safety goggles. (EN 166).

Skin and body protection: Laboratory outfit: laboratory coat and shoes. After getting in contact

with the skin, wash the affected patch of skin immediately. While

loading, where a helmet.

Respiratory tract: A filter mask is not needed at appropriate ventilation.

Should appropriate ventilation not be available, vapour and gas filter masks must be worn that comply with category A of EN140 or equivalent. (Filtering capacity is defined by exposure estimation.)

Filter masks serve to avoid the remaining risks of short-term activities, when practically all other measures have been taken to reduce hazard. (e.g. local ventilation). The manufacturer's instructions regarding the filter must be adhered to.

Heat protection: If the mixture is used appropriately, no such effect may occur.

Protection against environmental exposure:

During use, if necessary, the proportion of substance that has entered the air or waste water must be removed. Accidents may occur while handling, transporting or removing the substance. Consequently, the storage and transport requirements of the

mixture must be selected accordingly.

Restrictions of users'

exposure:

The restriction of users are defined by the user descriptors by

REACH and the relevant labour safety requirements.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information related to basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: solid
Colour: white

Odour: odourless
Odour limit value: not defined
pH (20 °C-on): not defined
Melting point/Freezing point: not defined

Boiling point: 200 °C

Flash point:

Evaporation rate:

Inflammability:

Explosion limits [v/v%]:

Vapour pressure [20 °C-on]:

Vapour density:

Relative vapour density:

not relevant

not applicable

not applicable

not applicable

Density [20 °C-on]: 0,9 g/cm³
Solubility in water: not soluble
Solubility: not defined
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):not defined

Self-ignition: not relevant

Decomposition temperature: not defined

Viscosity [20 °C-on]: $3-10 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$

Explosion hazard: Not explosion hazardous

Oxidising properties: no data available solvent content: no data available

9.2. Other information

Other information No further information of significance is available



10. STABILITY AND REACTABILITY

10.1. Reactability

Reactability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. The possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Stable under normal conditions.

10.4. Conditions to be avoided

Conditions to be avoided: Keep away from moisture.

10.5. Incompatible substances: Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and bases are incompatible

with the mixture.

Keep away from medicines, human and animal food.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products: In the event of fire, carbon-monoxide, carbon-dioxide may be

generated.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL DATA

11.1. Information related to toxicological effects

Acute toxicity:

Paraffin waxes (petroleum), claytreated (64742-43-4)		
LD50 swallowing, rats	> 5 mL/kg body mass	
LD50 through skin, rats	> 2000 mg/kg body mass	

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Eye damage/irritation:

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Germ cell mutagenicity:

None.

Carcinogenicity:

None.

Reproduction toxicity:	None.
Single exposure specific target organ toxicity (STOT):	None.
Repeated exposure specific target organ toxicity (STOT):	
Aspiration hazard:	None.

Chronic toxicity:

The mixture is not classified.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to fish, daphnia and other aquatic creatures

Paraffin waxes (petroleum), claytreated (64742-43-4)		
LL50 (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/L 96 hours	
EL50 (Daphnia magna)	> 10 000 mg/L 48 hours	
NOEL (Daphnia magna)	10 mg/L 21 days	

12.2. Persistence and decomposability

None.

12.3. Bioaccumulation capacity

The mixture has no bioaccumulation property.

12.4. Mobility in the ground

May not enter the ground, ground water or drainage.

12.5. The A PBT and vPvB - results

This mixture does not qualify as PBT or vPvB product according to REACH.

12.6. Other harmful effects

May not enter surface waters, the drainage system or groundwater.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste disposal methods

Hungarian regulations: Act CLXXXV of 2012. on Waste,

Decree No. 98 of 2001 (VI. 15.) of the Government on the requisites

for activities related to hazardous wastes.

Decree 2008/98/EC on waste,

Decree on 72/2013. (VIII. 27.) of Ministry of Rural Development

concerning the list of wastes.

Waste handling recommendations: The chemical safety of the packaging must be defined by the safety data sheet. The empty packaging should be thoroughly sealed.



The mixture turned into waste must be stored in its original packaging and should under no circumstance be treated a general waste. Ensure that the mixture does not enter surface waters, ground water and the drainage system.

Identification code by the list of wastes:

14. TRANSPORTION INFORMATION

14.1. UN-number

In accordance with the regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous substances – not hazardous.

14.2. Transportation category according to the UN

In accordance with the regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous substances – not hazardous.

14.3. Transport hazard class

In accordance with the regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous substances – not hazardous.

14.4. Packaging group

In accordance with the regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous substances – not hazardous.

14.5. Environmental hazards

None.

14.6. Special measures affecting the users

In accordance with the regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous substances – not hazardous.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of the MARPOL Convention and the IBC Code

In accordance with the regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous substances – not hazardous.

14.8. Description on transport documents

In accordance with the regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous substances – not hazardous.

14.9. Further transportation information

In accordance with the regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous substances – not hazardous.



15. INFORMATION ON REGULATIONS

15.1. EU Safety, health and environmental regulations applying to the given material

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC,

Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH),

Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH),

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (GHS) of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Text with EEA relevance),

Council Directive 67/548/EEC (DSD) of 27 June 1967 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances, Council Directive 67/548/EEC on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances,

Council Directive 1999/13/EC (VOC) on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations,

Directive 1999/45/EC (DPD) of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the approximation of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations,

Council Directive 92/58/EEC on the minimum requirements for the provision of safety and/or health signs at work (ninth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16 (1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Hungarian regulations applying

Act XXV of 2000.

Act XCIII of 1993.,

Decree 44/2000. (XII. 27.) EüM on detailed rules of certain procedures and activities related to dangerous substances and preparations.

Decree 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM-SzCsM regarding air pollution

Rev. date: 15.02.2016. EN 12/15 page



15.2. Chemical safety evaluation

No further tests have been conducted by the successive users regarding the chemical safety evaluation of the substance.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms:	AC	Allowed average concentration is the average concentration of air pollutants per one working shift, which is normally not harmful to health. Even if the exposure time should be shorter than the reference time, the extent of air pollution may not exceed the Average Concentration.
	CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
	DNEL	Derived No Effect level
	DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
	DSD	Council Directive (27 June 1967.) Dangerous Substance Directive (67/548/EGK).
	EC50	The actual concentration of the substance, which results in 50% of the highest response
	EC number	EC number
	EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
	ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
	ErC50	EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate
	GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	LC50	(Lethal concentration) An LC50 value is
		the concentration of a material in air that will kill 50%
		of the test subjects (animals, typically mice or rats)
		when administered as a single exposure (typically 1 or
		4 hours). Also called the median lethal
		concentration and lethal concentration 50, this value
		gives you an idea of the relative acute toxicity of
		an inhalable material
	LD50	(median lethal dose) is the amount of a solid or liquid
		material that it takes to kill 50% of test animals (for



XiMoPac-Mo002 Safety Data Sheet

example, mice or rats) in one dose. This is closely related to the LDLo value which is the lowest dosage reported to have killed animals or humans LC50 (50% lethal concentration) is a related term used for gases, dusts, vapours, mists etc

MAC The highest concentration of a chemical or potential toxin

allowed by law to which a worker may be exposed during

an 8-hour period of time.

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level,

NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL No Observed Effect Level

NOELr No Observed Effect Loading Rate

POW Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water

PBT Persistant, bioaccumulative and poisonous

substances

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and

Restriction of Chemicals.

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TWA Time Weighted Average

VOC Volatile organic compound

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

substances

The full text of the H phrases in Sections 2 and 3 of the Safety Data Sheet

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H335 May cause respiratory irritation



Tracking changes:

Version 1

References:

ECHA (European Chemicals Agency) : Database of registered substances and their properties: http://echa.europa.eu/en/information-on-chemicals

ECHA Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets:

http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13643/sds_en.pdf

ECHA Guidance on Labelling and Packaging:

http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13562/clp_labelling_en.pdf

Terms of Use

The above data reflect our present state of knowledge. The given physical and chemical parameters describe the product from the aspect of safety, do not represent a warranty regarding the properties of the product and do not serve as the basis for any product specification or legal relationship. The manufacturer or distributor is not liable for any damage resulting from inappropriate or unrecommended use. The user is obliged to observe the effective regulations and prescriptions as well as the recommendations of use.