

**PAC977Ov01**

**Polyclonal Antibody**

**To Carcinoembryonic Antigen Related Cell Adhesion Molecule 1 (CEACAM1)**

**Organism Species: Ovis aries; Ovine (Sheep)**

***Instruction manual***

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY

NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

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9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013)

## **[ PRODUCT INFORMATION ]**

**Immunogen:** CEACAM1

**Purification:** Affinity Chromatography.

**Clonality:** Polyclonal

**Applications:** WB, ICC, IHC-P, IHC-F, ELISA

**Host:** Rabbit

**Concentration:** 200µg/mL

**Immunoglobulin Type:** IgG

**UOM:** 100µg

## **[ IMMUNOGEN INFORMATION ]**

**Immunogen:** Native Protein CEACAM1.

**Accession No.:** NPC977Ov01

## **[ RELEVANCE ]**

This gene encodes a member of the carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) gene family, which belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. Two subgroups of the CEA family, the CEA cell adhesion molecules and the pregnancy-specific glycoproteins, are located within a 1.2 Mb cluster on the long arm of chromosome 19. Eleven pseudogenes of the CEA cell adhesion molecule subgroup are also found in the cluster. The encoded protein was originally described in bile ducts of liver as biliary glycoprotein.

## **[ ANTIBODY SPECIFICITY ]**

The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against CEACAM1. It has been selected for its ability to recognize CEACAM1 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.

## **[ APPLICATIONS ]**

Western blotting: 1:100-400

Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:100-500

Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:100-500

Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:50-200

Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-200

Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

## **[ CONTENTS ]**

**Form & Buffer:** Supplied as solution form in PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.02% NaN<sub>3</sub>, 50% glycerol.

## **[ STORAGE ]**

Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C to -80°C in a manual defrost freezer for one year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.