

**MAA518Eq21****Monoclonal Antibody to Ferritin (FE)****Organism Species: Equus caballus; Equine (Horse)*****Instruction manual***

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY  
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

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9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013)

**[ PRODUCT INFORMATION ]****Immunogen:** Ferritin**Clonality:** Monoclonal**Clone number:** C5**Host:** Mouse**Immunoglobulin Type:** IgG**Purification:** Affinity Chromatography.**Applications:** WB, ICC, IHC-P, IHC-F, ELISA**Concentration:** 500µg/mL**UOM:** 200µg**[ IMMUNOGEN INFORMATION ]****Immunogen:** Native Protein Ferritin.**Accession No.:** NPA518Eq01**[ RELEVANCE ]**

Ferritin is a ubiquitous intracellular protein that stores iron and releases it in a controlled fashion. The amount of ferritin stored reflects the amount of iron stored.

The protein is produced by almost all living organisms. Ferritin is a protein of 450 kDa consisting of 24 subunits that is present in every cell type. Ferritin genes are highly conserved between species. All vertebrate ferritin genes have three introns and four exons. Ferritin serves to store iron in a non-toxic form, to deposit it in a safe form, and to transport it to areas where it is required.

## **[ ANTIBODY SPECIFICITY ]**

The antibody is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against ferritin. It has been selected for its ability to recognize ferritin in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.

## **[ APPLICATIONS ]**

Western blotting: 1:100-400

Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:100-500

Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:100-500

Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:50-200

Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-200

Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

## **[ CONTENTS ]**

**Form & Buffer:** Supplied as solution form in PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.02% NaN<sub>3</sub>, 50% glycerol.

## **[ STORAGE ]**

Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C to -80°C in a manual defrost freezer for one year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.